Derating of the MOSFET Safe Operating Area

Description

This document discusses temperature derating of the MOSFET safe operating area.
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1. Introduction

The safe operating area SOA of a MOSFET is temperature-dependent. The safe operating area is specified at either $T_c = 25^\circ C$ or $T_a = 25^\circ C$. Derating of the safe operating area is required according to the actual case temperature and ambient temperature of the operation in order to determine that the operating locus of the MOSFET is within the derated SOA boundary. This document discusses the temperature derating of the safe operating area.

2. What is the safe operating area?

The safe operating area is the voltage and current conditions over which a MOSFET operates without permanent damage or degradation. The MOSFET must not be exposed to conditions outside the safe operating area even for an instant. Conventionally, MOSFETs were known for the absence of secondary breakdown, which was a failure mode specific to bipolar transistors. The safe operating area of a MOSFET was bound only by the maximum drain-source voltage, the maximum drain current, and a thermal limit between them. However, due to device geometry scaling, recent MOSFETs exhibit secondary breakdown. It is therefore necessary to determine whether the operating locus of the MOSFET is within the safe operating area.

Figure 2.1 Safe operating area of a MOSFET
The safe operating area of a MOSFET is divided into the following five regions:

1. **Thermal limitation**
   This area is bound by the maximum power dissipation \( P_D \). In this area, \( P_D \) is constant and has a slope of -1 in a double logarithmic graph.

2. **Secondary breakdown limitation**
   With the shrinking device geometries, some MOSFETs have exhibited a failure mode resembling secondary breakdown in recent years. This area is bound by the secondary breakdown limit.

3. **Current limitation**
   This defines an area limited by the maximum drain current rating. The safe operating area is bound by \( I_D(max) \) for continuous-current (DC) operation and by \( I_{DP}(max) \) for pulsed operation.

4. **Drain-source voltage limitation**
   This defines an area bound by the drain-source voltage \( V_{DSS} \) limit.

5. **On-state resistance limitation**
   This defines an area that is theoretically limited by the on-state resistance \( R_{DS(ON)}(max) \) limit. \( I_D \) is equal to \( V_{DS}/R_{DS(ON)}(max) \).

### 3. Temperature derating of the safe operating area

The SOA is shown in Figure 2.1. For example, the power dissipation \( P_D \) with the derating at \( T_C = 100°C \) is calculated as follows. Figure 3.1 shows the \( P_D - T_C \) characteristics of a MOSFET. For example, \( P_D(T_C = 100°C) \) is derated using Equation 3-1. \( P_D(T_C = 100°C) \) is calculated to be 20 W as shown below. Note that Equation 3-1 applies to the area bound by the thermal limitation.

\[
P_D = \frac{T_{ch(max)} - T_C}{T_{ch(max)} - 25} \times P_D(max)
\]

\[
= \frac{150 - 100}{150 - 25} \times 50
\]

\[
= 20 (W)
\]

### 3.1. Derating of the \( T_C = 25°C \) (DC operation) line

In Figure 3.2, ① and ② are in the area bound by the thermal limitation. ① and ② lie on the iso-power line of \( P_D(max) = 50 \text{ W} \) \( (V_{DS} \times I_D = 50 \text{ W}) \). At \( T_C = 100°C \), The power dissipation is derated to a 20-W iso-power line derived from Figure 3.1. ①′ and ②′ can be calculated using Equation 3-3 and Equation 3-4 by derating \( V_{DS} \) at ① and \( I_D \) at ② to 40% using Equation 3-2.
The slope $a$ of the line passing through ② and ③ can be calculated using Equation 3-5.

\[
a = \frac{\log_{10} I_D(3) - \log_{10} I_D(2)}{\log_{10} V_{DS}(3) - \log_{10} V_{DS}(2)}
\]

\[
= \frac{\log_{10} \frac{0.012}{600}}{\log_{10} \frac{50}{50}}
\]

\[
\approx -1.780 \quad \cdots (3-5)
\]

After derating, the line passes through ②' with a slope of $a$. Therefore, $I_D$ at ③' can be calculated using Equation 3-6.

\[
I_D(3') = \left( \frac{V_{DS}(3')}{V_{DS}(2)} \right)^a \cdot I_D(2')
\]

\[
= \left( \frac{600}{50} \right)^{-1.780} \times 0.4
\]

\[
\approx 0.0048 \text{ (A)} \quad \cdots (3-6)
\]
3.2. Derating of the $t_w = 1$ ms line

The power dissipation at $t_w = 1$ ms, $P_D(1 \text{ ms})$, is calculated to be roughly 1667 W from the transient thermal impedance curves shown in Figure 3.3. The points through which the derating lines for the thermal limitation at $T_c = 100^\circ C$ (④' to ⑤') and the secondary breakdown limitation (⑤' to ⑥') pass can be calculated in the same manner as for the $T_c = 25^\circ C$ (DC operation) line.

\[ V_{DS(4')} = \frac{P_D(1 \text{ ms})}{I_{DP}} \cdot d_T = \frac{1667}{60} \times 0.4 \approx 11.1 \ (V) \quad \cdots (3-7) \]

\[ I_{DS(5')} = \frac{P_D(1 \text{ ms})}{V_{DS(5')}} \cdot d_T = \frac{1667}{50} \times 0.4 \approx 13.3 \ (A) \quad \cdots (3-8) \]

\[ I_{DS(6')} = \left( \frac{V_{DS(6')}}{V_{DS(5')}} \right)^{a'} \cdot I_{D(5')} = \left( \frac{600}{50} \right)^{2.952} \times 13.3 \approx 0.0087 \ (A) \quad \cdots (3-9) \]
3.3. Derating of the $t_w = 100 \, \mu s$ line

The slope ($a''$) of this line is calculated to be roughly -1.196, which is outside the thermal limitation. $V_{DS'7'}$ and $I_{D'8'}$ can be calculated using Equation 3-10 and Equation 3-11, respectively:

$$V_{DS'7'} = \frac{P_{D(100\mu s)}}{I_{DP}} \cdot d_T$$

$$= \frac{5100}{60} \times 0.4 = 34 \, (V) \quad \text{... (3-10)}$$

$$I_{D'8'} = \left(\frac{V_{DS'8'}}{V_{DS'7'}}\right)^{-a''} \cdot I_{D'7'}$$

$$= \left(\frac{600}{34}\right)^{-1.196} \times 60 \approx 1.94 \, (A) \quad \text{... (3-11)}$$
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