# TOSHIBA



# **TOSHIBA CORPORATION**

Semiconductor Company

# **Document Change Notification**

The purpose of this notification is to inform customers about the launch of the Pb-free version of the device. The introduction of a Pb-free replacement affects the datasheet. Please understand that this notification is intended as a temporary substitute for a revision of the datasheet.

Changes to the datasheet may include the following, though not all of them may apply to this particular device.

- 1. Part number
  - Example: TMPxxxxxF TMPxxxxxFG

All references to the previous part number were left unchanged in body text. The new part number is indicated on the prelims pages (cover page and this notification).

2. Package code and package dimensions

Example: LQFP100-P-1414-0.50C LQFP100-P-1414-0.50F

All references to the previous package code and package dimensions were left unchanged in body text. The new ones are indicated on the prelims pages.

3. Addition of notes on lead solderability

Now that the device is Pb-free, notes on lead solderability have been added.

4. RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

The previous (obsolete) provision might be left unchanged on page 1 of body text. A new replacement is included on the next page,

5. Publication date of the datasheet

The publication date at the lower right corner of the prelims pages applies to the new device.

### 1. Part number

#### 2. Package code and dimensions

Previous Part Number (in Body Text)	Previous Package Code (in Body Text)	New Part Number	New Package Code	OTP
TMP87PM53F	QFP80-P-1420-0.80B	TMP87PM53FG	QFP80-P-1420-0.80B	—

\*: For the dimensions of the new package, see the attached Package Dimensions diagram.

#### 3. Addition of notes on lead solderability

The following solderability test is conducted on the new device.

#### Lead solderability of Pb-free devices (with the G suffix)

Test	Test Conditions	Remark
Solderability	<ul> <li>(1) Use of Lead (Pb)</li> <li>solder bath temperature = 230°C</li> <li>dipping time = 5 seconds</li> <li>the number of times = once</li> <li>use of R-type flux</li> <li>(2) Use of Lead (Pb)-Free</li> <li>solder bath temperature = 245°C</li> <li>dipping time = 5 seconds</li> <li>the number of times = once</li> <li>use of R-type flux</li> </ul>	Leads with over 95% solder coverage till lead forming are acceptable.

# 4. RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

The following replaces the "RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE" on page 1 of body text.

### RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

20070701-EN

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- For a discussion of how the reliability of microcontrollers can be predicted, please refer to Section 1.3 of the chapter entitled Quality and Reliability Assurance/Handling Precautions.

### 5. Publication date of the datasheet

The publication date of this datasheet is printed at the lower right corner of this notification.

(Annex)

Package Dimensions

QFP80-P-1420-0.80B



#### CMOS 8-Bit Microcontroller

# TMP87PM53F

The 87PM53 is a One-Time PROM microcontroller with low-power 256 K bits electrically programmable read only memory for the 87CM53 system evaluation. The 87PM53 is pin compatible with the 87CM53. The operations possible with the 87CM53 can be performed by writing programs to PROM. The 87PM53 can write and verify in the same way as the TC571000D using an adaptor socket BM11104 and an EPROM programmer.

F	Part No.	OTP	RAM	Package	OTP Adapter	
	TMP87PM53F	32 K x 8-bit	1 K <b>× 8</b> -bit	P-QFP80-1420-0.80B	BM11104	
_				$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$		>
				P-QFP80-14	420-0.80B	
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		>	7			
$\sim$						980910EBF
r a discussi	on of how the rel	liability of microo	controllers can b	pe predicted, please refe	r to Section 1.3 of	the chapte

For a discussion of how the reliability of microcontrollers can be predicted, please reter to Section 1.5 of the chapter entitled Quality and Reliability Assurance/Handling Precautions.
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## Pin Assignments (Top View)



# **Pin Function**

The 87PM53 has two modes: MCU and PROM.

(1) MCU mode In this mode, the 87PM53 is pin compatible with the 87CM53 (fix the TEST pin at low level.)

(2) PROM mode

Pin Name (PROM mode)	Input/Output	Functions	Pin Name (MCU mode)
A16			P70
A15 to A8	Input	PROM address inputs	P47 to P40
A7 to A0			P87 to P80
D7 to D0	I/O	PROM data input/outputs	P07 to P00
ĈĒ		Chip enable signal input (active low)	P13
ŌĒ	Input	Output enable signal input (active low)	P14
PGM		Program mode signal input	P15
VPP		+ 12.75 V/ 5-V (Program supply voltage)	TEST
vcc	Power supply	+6.25V/5V	VDD
GND			VSS
P36         to         P30           P54         to         P50           P67         to         P60           P77         to         P72           P11         P21           P71         P17, P16, P12, P10           P22, P20         RESET		Pull-up with resistance for input pro PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at l PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed at low level.	
XIN	Input Output	Connect an 8MHz oscillator to stabilize the internal s	tate.
VAREF VASS	Power supply	0 V (GND)	

### **OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The following explains the 87PM53 hardware configuration and operation. The configuration and functions of the 87PM53 are the same as those of the 87CM53, except in that a one-time PROM is used instead of an on-chip mask ROM.

The 87PM53 is placed in the *single-clock* mode during reset. To use the dual-clock mode, the low-frequency oscillator should be turned on by executing [SET (SYSCR2). XTEN] instruction at the beginning of the program.

#### 1. **OPERATING MODE**

The 87PM53 has two modes: MCU and PROM.

#### 1.1 MCU Mode

The MCU mode is activated by fixing the TEST / VPP pin at low level.

In the MCU mode, operation is the same as with the 87CM53 (the TEST / VPP pin cannot be used open because it has no built-in pull-down resistance).

#### 1.1.1 Program Memory

The 87PM53 has a 32K  $\times$  8-bit (addresses 8000<sub>H</sub>-FFFF<sub>H</sub> in the MCU mode, addresses 18000<sub>H</sub>-1FFFF<sub>H</sub> in the PROM mode) of program memory (OTP).

When the 87PM53 is used as a system evaluation of the 87CM53, the data is written to the program storage area shown in Figure 1-1.



Note : Either write the data  $FF_H$  to the unused area or set the PROM programmer to access only the program storage area.

## 1.1.2 Data Memory

The 87PM53 has an on-chip 1K  $\times$  8-bit data memory (static RAM).

# 1.1.3 Input/Output Circuitry

(1) Control pins

The control pins of the 87PM53 are the same as those of the 87CM53 except that the TEST pin has no built-in pull-down resistance.



## 1.2 PROM Mode

The PROM mode is activated by setting the TEST, RESET pin and the ports P17 to P10, P22 to P20 and P71, as shown in Figure 1-3. The PROM mode is used to write and verify programs with a general-purpose PROM programmer.

Note: The high-speed programming mode can be used for program operation. The 87PM53 is not supported an electric signature mode, so the ROM type must be set to TC571000D. (The settings may differ depending on the type of PROM programmer is use. Refer to the PROM programmer operation manual.



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# **1.2.1 Programming Flowchart (High-speed Programming Mode)**

The high-speed programming mode is achieved by applying the program voltage (+ 12.75 V) to the VPP pin when Vcc = 6.25 V. After the address and input data are stable, the data is programmed by applying a single 0.1ms program pulse to the  $\overrightarrow{PGM}$  input. The programmed data is verified. If incorrect, another 0.1 ms program pulse is applied. This process should be repeated (up to 25 times) until the program operates correctly. After that, change the address and input data, and program as before. When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with Vcc = Vpp = 5 V.



Figure 1-4. Flow Chart of High-speed Programming

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## 1.2.2 Writing Method for General-purpose PROM Program

- (1) Adapters BM11104 : TMP87PM53F
- (2) Adapter setting Switch (SW1) is set to side N.
- (3) PROM programmer specifying
  - i) PROM type is specified to TC571000D. Writing voltage: 12.75 V (high-speed program mode)
  - Data transfer (copy) (note 1)
     In the TMP87PM53, EPROM is within the addresses 18000<sub>H</sub> to 1FFFF<sub>H</sub>. Data is required to be transferred (copied) to the addresses where it is possible to write. The program area in MCU mode and PROM mode is referred to "Program memory area" in Figure 1-1.

Ex. In the block transfer (copy) mode, executed as below. ROM capacity of 32KB : transferred addresses 08000<sub>H</sub> to 0FFFF<sub>H</sub> to addresses 18000 to 1FFFF<sub>H</sub>

- iii) Writing address is specified. (note 1)
   Start address : 18000<sub>H</sub>
   End address : 1FFF<sub>H</sub>
- (4) Writing

Writing/Verifying is required to be executed in accordance with PROM programmer operating procedure.

- Note 1: The specifying method is referred to the PROM programmer description. Either write the data FF<sub>H</sub> to the unused area or set the PROM programmer to access only the program storage area.
- Note 2: When MCU is set to an adapter or the adapter is set to PROM programmer, a position of pin 1 must be adjusted. If the setting is reversed, MCU, the adapter and PROM program is damaged.
- Note 3 : The TMP87PM53 does not support the electric signature mode (hereinafter referred to as "signature"). If the signature is used in PROM program, a device is damaged due to applying 12 V ± 0.5 V to the address pin 9 (A9). The signature must not be used.

# INPUT/OUTPUT CIRCUITRY

#### (1) Control pins

The input / output circuitries of the 87PM53 control pins are shown below.



Note1: The TEST pin of the 87PM53 does not have a pull-down resistor. Be sure to fix the TEST pin to low in MCU mode.

Note2 : The 87PM53 is placed in the single-clock mode during reset. (NM1)

### (2) Input/output ports

The input/output circuitries of the 87PM53 input/output ports are shown below.



## **Electrical Characteristics**

(1) 87PM53

Absolute Maximum Ratings		(V <sub>SS</sub> = 0 V)			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit	
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$		– 0.3 to 6.5	V	
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		) – 0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>		– 0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	
Output Current (Den 1nin)	I <sub>OUT1</sub>	Ports P0, P1, P2, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8, P9	3.2		
Output Current (Per 1pin)	I <sub>OUT2</sub>	Port P3	30	mA	
Output Current (Tatal)	$\Sigma I_{OUT1}$	Ports P0, P1, P2, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8, P9	160		
Output Current (Total)	$\Sigma I_{OUT2}$	Port P3	120	mA	
Power Dissipation [Topr = 70°C]	PD		350	mW	
Soldering Temperature (time)	Tsld		260 (10 s)	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tstg		– 55 to 125	°C	
Operating Temperature	Topr		– 30 to 60	°C	

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
			fc = 8 MHz	NORMAL1, 2 mode	4.5		
Supply Voltage		(7/5)		IDLE1, 2 mode	4.5		
	$\int \int \int dx dx$		fc ≤4,2 MHz	NORMAL1, 2 mode			
	NDD			IDLE1, 2 mode	2.2	5.5	v
			-fs =	SLOW mode	Note 2		
$\sim$		$\rangle$ $\langle \in$	32.768 kHz	SLEEP mode			
	$\land$			STOP mode	2.0		
$\sim$		Except hysteresis input	V <sub>DD</sub> ≧4.5 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.70$		
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH2</sub>	Hysteresis input	V	DD ≡ 4.5 V	$V_{DD} \times 0.75$	$V_{DD}$	V
$\sim$ ((	V <sub>IH3</sub>		v	′ <sub>DD</sub> <4.5 V	V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.90		
	V <sub>IL1</sub>	Except hysteresis input		″ <sub>DD</sub> ≧4.5 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.30$	
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL2</sub>	Hysteresis input	V	DD=4.3 V	0	$V_{DD} \times 0.25$	v
	V <sub>IL3</sub>		V	V <sub>DD</sub> <4.5 V		$V_{DD} \times 0.10$	
$\sim$	fc	XIN, XOUT	V <sub>DD</sub>	= 4.5 to 5.5 V	3.58	8.0	
Clock Frequency			V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5 V		3.30	4.19	MHz
	fs	XTIN, XTOUT			30.0	34.0	kHz

Recommended Operating Conditions  $(V_{SS} = 0 V, Topr = -30 to 60°C)$ 

Note 1: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

Note 2: Clock frequency fc: The supply voltage ranse of the conditions shows the value in NORMAL1, 2 modes and IDLE 1,2 modes.

Note 3: When the A/D converter is used, VDD must be set to  $\geq$  2.7 V.

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D.C. Char	acterist	ics (V <sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, To	opr = – 30 to 60°C)				
Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Hysteresis Voltage	V <sub>HS</sub>	Hysteresis input		$\mathcal{D}$	0.9	_	v
Innut Current	I <sub>IN1</sub>	TEST Sink open drain port and tri-	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V	$\hat{)}$		±2	
Input Current	I <sub>IN2</sub>	state port RESET, STOP	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V / 0V	_	_	ΞZ	μΑ
	R <sub>IN2</sub>	RESET		100	220	450	
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	P8 pull-up resistor		30	70	150	kΩ
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>LO</sub>	Sink open drain port	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5V	$(\bigcirc$		2	μΑ
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH2</sub>	Try-state port	$V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OH} = -0.7mA$	4.1		-	v
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	Except XOUT and P3	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.6mA		_	0.4	v
Output Low Current	I <sub>OL3</sub>	Port P3	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5V, V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.0V	9_	20	-	mA
Supply Current in NORMAL 1, 2 mode Supply Currnt in IDLE 1, 2 mode Supply Currnt in NORMAL 1, 2 mode Supply Currnt in IDLE	- I <sub>DD</sub>		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{split} V_{DD} &= 5.5V & \mbox{TONE} no \mbox{output} \\ V_{IN} &= 5.3V/0.2V & \mbox{TONE} \mbox{output} \\ fc &= 8\ \mbox{MHz} & \mbox{TONE} \ \mbox{no output} \\ fs &= 32.768\ \mbox{KHz} & \mbox{TONE} \ \mbox{output} \\ V_{DD} &= 2.2V & \mbox{TONE} \ \mbox{output} \\ V_{IN} &= 2.2V/0.2V & \mbox{TONE} \ \mbox{output} \\ fc &= 4.2\ \mbox{MHz} & \mbox{TONE} \ \mbox{output} \\ \end{split}$		9 10.5 4.5 6.0 1.5 2.0 0.8	12 13.5 6.5 8.0 2.5 3.0 1.8	mA
1, 2 mode Supply Current in SLOW mode		$\bigcirc$	fs = 32.768 kHz TONE output V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.8V/0.2V	-	1.3 30	2.3 60	μA
Supply Current in SLEEP mode Supply Current in STOP mode	IDD		fs = 32.768 kHz V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.3V/0.2V	_	15 0.5	30 10	μ <b>Α</b> μ <b>Α</b>

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Note 1: Typical values show those at Topr =  $25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD}$  = 5 V. Note 2: Input current: The current through pull-up or pull-down resistor is not included.

A/D Conversion Characteristics		$(V_{SS} = 0V, V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ to } 5.5V, \text{Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 60^{\circ}\text{C})$					
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
	V <sub>AREF</sub>		2.7		V <sub>DD</sub>		
Analog Reference Voltage	V <sub>ASS</sub>	$V_{AREF} - V_{ASS} \ge 2.5V$	Vss		1.5	V	
Analog Input Voltage	V <sub>AIN</sub>	$V_{DD} = V_{AREF} = 5.0 V$ $V_{SS} = V_{ASS} = 0.0 V$	V <sub>ASS</sub>	-	V <sub>AREF</sub>	V	
Analog Supply Current	I <sub>REF</sub>		((-))	0.5	1.0	V	
Nonlinearity Error		V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5 V	_	- (	Ŧ		
Zero Point Error		V <sub>SS</sub> = 0.0 V			±1	mA	
Full Scale Error		V <sub>AREF</sub> = 2.700 V, 5.000 V	() - <sub>\</sub>	$\bigcirc$	1 2+1		
Total Error		V <sub>ASS</sub> = 0.000 V	- `<	74	))± 2	LSB	
Note: Total Error = total numb	er of each type	error excluding guantization err	ror.				

Tone Output Characteristics $(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 2.2 \text{ to } 5.5 V, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 60^{\circ}\text{C})$										
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit				
Tone Output Voltage(ROW)	V <sub>TONE</sub>	RL≧ 10 kΩ, V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.2 V	126	150	178	mVrms				
Pre-Emphasis High Band (COL / ROW)	РЕНВ	PEHB = 20 log (COL/ROW)	1	2	3	dB				
Output Distortion	DIS		_	_	5	%				
	$(\mathcal{S})$	fc = 3.84 MHz, 4.00 MHz, 8.00 MHz (Except error of osc. frequency)	_	_	0.70					
Frequency Stability	∆f <	fc = 3.58 MHz (Except error of osc. frequency)	_	_	0.66	%				
		fc = 4.19 MHz (Except error of osc. frequency)	_	_	0.93					

A.C. Characterist	ics	$(V_{SS} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 V, \text{ Topr} = -30 \text{ to } 60^{\circ}\text{C})$					
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тұр.	Max	Unit	
		In NORMAL1, 2 mode (gear ratio)	0 5 (1)1	7(	0.0 (1 (0)		
Machine Cycle Time		In IDLE1, 2 mode (gear ratio)	0.5 (1/1)		8.9 (1/8)		
	tcy	In SLOW mode		17.6	122.2	μS	
		In SLEEP mode	117.6	r	133.3		
High Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WCH</sub>	For external clock operation (XIN input)	50				
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WCL</sub>	fc = 8 MHz		_	_	ns	
High Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WSH</sub>	For external clock operation (XTIN input)	147			-	
Low Level Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>WSL</sub>	fs = 32.768 kHz	14.7		×	μS	

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Recommende	ed Oscillating Conditi	on		2	]]
Parameter	Oscillator	Frequency	Recommended Oscillator	Recommende C <sub>1</sub>	ed Condition C <sub>2</sub>
High-frequency	Ceramic Resonator	8 MHz 4 MHz	KYOCERA KBR8.0M KYOCERA KBR4.0MS MURATA CSA4.00MG	30 pF	30 pF
	Crystal Oscillator	8 MHz 4 MHz	TOYOCOM         210B         8.0000           TOYOCOM         204B         4.0000	20 pF	20 pF
Low-frequency	Crystal Oscillator	32.768 kHz	NDK MX-38T	15 pF	15 pF



Note: When it is used in high electrical field, an electrical shield of the package is recommended to retain normal operations

Note: To obtain an accurate oscillating frequency the condenser capacity must be adjusted on the sct.

D.C./A.C. Characteristics (PROM mode)  $(V_{SS} = 0 V)$ (1) Read Operation Parameter Symbol Conditions Min Typ. Max Unit ) 2.2 Input High Voltage  $V_{\text{IH4}}$  $V_{\text{CC}}$ v v Input Low Voltage  $V_{\text{IL4}}$ 0 0.8 \_ **Power Supply Voltage**  $V_{CC}$ 4.75 5.0 5.25 v Program Power Supply Voltage  $V_{\mathsf{PP}}$ 1.5 tcyc + 300 Address Access Time  $V_{CC} = 5.0 \pm 0.25 V$ t<sub>ACC</sub> ns Note: tcyc = 500 ns at 8 MHz A16 to A0 CE OE PGM  $t_{ACC}$ ₩Ż D7 to D0 Data outputs

#### (2) High-Speed Programming Operation (Topr = $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH4</sub>		2.2	(	V <sub>cc</sub>	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL4</sub>		0		0.8	v
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		6.0	6.25	6.5	v
Program Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>PP</sub>		12.5	12.75	13.0	v
Initial Program Pulse Width	t <sub>PW</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	0.095	0.1	0.105	ms



Note1: When V<sub>cc</sub> power supply is turned on or after, V<sub>pp</sub> must be increased. When V<sub>cc</sub> power supply is turned off or before, V<sub>pp</sub> must be increased. Note2: The device must not be set to the EPPOM programmer or picked on from it u

Note2: The device must not be set to the EPROM programmer or picked op from it under applying the program voltage (12.5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V = V) to the V<sub>pp</sub> pin as the device is damaged.

Note3: Be sure to execute the recommended programing mode with the recommended programing adaptor. If a mode or an adaptor except the above, the misoperation sometimes occurs.